ENGROSSED

Senate Bill No. 502

(By Senators Sypolt Ferns, Gaunch. Kirkendoll, Leonhardt, Plymale, Prezioso and Stollings)

[Introduced February 17, 2015; referred to the Committee on Finance.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §22-3-11 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to the eligibility of a mine operator to receive a tax credit for performing reclamation or remediation at a bond forfeiture site which otherwise would have been reclaimed using funds from the Special Reclamation Fund or Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §22-3-11 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.

§22-3-11. Bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; special reclamation tax and funds; prohibited acts; period of bond liability.

(a) After a surface mining permit application has been approved pursuant to this article, but
before a permit has been issued, each operator shall furnish a penal bond, on a form to be prescribed
and furnished by the secretary, payable to the State of West Virginia and conditioned upon the
operator faithfully performing all of the requirements of this article and of the permit. The penal
amount of the bond shall be not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for each acre or fraction of

1 an acre: *Provided*, That the minimum amount of bond furnished for any type of reclamation bonding
2 shall be \$10,000. The bond shall cover: (1) The entire permit area; or (2) that increment of land
3 within the permit area upon which the operator will initiate and conduct surface mining and
4 reclamation operations within the initial term of the permit. If the operator chooses to use
5 incremental bonding, as succeeding increments of surface mining and reclamation operations are to
6 be initiated and conducted within the permit area, the operator shall file with the secretary an
7 additional bond or bonds to cover the increments in accordance with this section: *Provided*,
8 *however*, That once the operator has chosen to proceed with bonding either the entire permit area or
9 with incremental bonding, the operator shall continue bonding in that manner for the term of the

(b) The period of liability for bond coverage begins with issuance of a permit and continues
for the full term of the permit plus any additional period necessary to achieve compliance with the
requirements in the reclamation plan of the permit.

14 (c)(1) The form of the bond shall be approved by the secretary and may include, at the option of the operator, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including cash and securities), establishment of 15 an escrow account, self bonding or a combination of these methods. If collateral bonding is used, 16 the operator may elect to deposit cash or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the 17 United States or its possessions of the Federal Land Bank or of the Homeowners' Loan Corporation; 18 19 full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the State of West Virginia or other states and of any county, district or municipality of the State of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit 20 21 in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be in favor of the department. The cash deposit or 22 market value of the securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the penal sum of the

1 bond. The secretary shall, upon receipt of any deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly
2 place the same with the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia whose duty it is to receive and hold
3 the deposit in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which the deposit is made when the
4 permit is issued. The operator making the deposit is entitled, from time to time, to receive from the
5 State Treasurer, upon the written approval of the secretary, the whole or any portion of any cash,
6 securities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with him or her in lieu thereof cash or other
7 securities or certificates of the classes specified in this subsection having value equal to or greater
8 than the sum of the bond.

9 (2) The secretary may approve an alternative bonding system if it will: (A) Reasonably assure 10 that sufficient funds will be available to complete the reclamation, restoration and abatement 11 provisions for all permit areas which may be in default at any time; and (B) provide a substantial 12 economic incentive for the permittee to comply with all reclamation provisions.

13 (d) The secretary may accept the bond of the applicant itself without separate surety when 14 the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the secretary the existence of a suitable agent to 15 receive service of process and a history of financial solvency and continuous operation sufficient for 16 authorization to self insure.

(e) It is unlawful for the owner of surface or mineral rights to interfere with the present
operator in the discharge of the operator's obligations to the state for the reclamation of lands
disturbed by the operator.

20 (f) All bond releases shall be accomplished in accordance with the provisions of section21 twenty-three of this article.

22 (g) (1) The Special Reclamation Fund previously created is continued. The Special

3

1 Reclamation Water Trust Fund is created within the State Treasury into and from which moneys shall be paid for the purpose of assuring a reliable source of capital to reclaim and restore water 2 treatment systems on forfeited sites. The moneys accrued in both funds, any interest earned thereon 3 and yield from investments by the State Treasurer or West Virginia Investment Management Board 4 are reserved solely and exclusively for the purposes set forth in this section and section seventeen, 5 article one of this chapter. The funds shall be administered by the secretary who is authorized to 6 expend the moneys in both funds for the reclamation and rehabilitation of lands which were 7 8 subjected to permitted surface mining operations and abandoned after August 3, 1977, where the amount of the bond posted and forfeited on the land is less than the actual cost of reclamation, and 9 where the land is not eligible for abandoned mine land reclamation funds under article two of this 10 chapter. The secretary shall develop a long-range planning process for selection and prioritization 11 12 of sites to be reclaimed so as to avoid inordinate short-term obligations of the assets in both funds of such magnitude that the solvency of either is jeopardized. The secretary may use both funds for 13 the purpose of designing, constructing and maintaining water treatment systems when they are 14 required for a complete reclamation of the affected lands described in this subsection. The secretary 15 may also expend an amount not to exceed ten percent of the total annual assets in both funds to 16 implement and administer the provisions of this article and, as they apply to the Surface Mine Board, 17 articles one and four, chapter twenty-two-b of this code. 18

(2) (A) A tax credit shall be granted against the tax imposed by subsection (i) of this section
to any mine operator who performs reclamation or remediation at a bond forfeiture site which
otherwise would have been reclaimed using funds from the Special Reclamation Fund or Special
Reclamation Water Trust Fund. The credit authorized pursuant to this subdivision is retroactive and

may be claimed for reclamation or remediation performed on or after January 1, 2012: <u>Provided</u>,
 <u>That for reclamation or remediation performed prior to July 13, 2013, no tax credit may be granted</u>
 <u>unless a written application for the tax credit was submitted to the Tax Commissioner prior to</u>
 September 1, 2014. The amount of credit shall be determined as provided in this section.

5 (B) The amount of a reclamation tax credit granted under this subsection shall be equal to 6 the amount that the Tax Commissioner determines, based on the project costs, as shown in the 7 records of the secretary, that would have been spent from the Special Reclamation Fund or Special 8 Reclamation Water Trust Fund to accomplish the reclamation or remediation performed by the mine 9 operator, including expenditures for water treatment.

10 (C) To claim the credit, the mine operator shall from time to time file with the Tax Commissioner a written application seeking the amount of the credit earned. Within thirty days of 11 12 receipt of the application, the Tax Commissioner shall issue a certification of the amount of tax credit, if any, to be allocated to the eligible taxpayer. Should the amount of the credit certified be 13 less than the amount applied for, the Tax Commissioner shall set forth in writing the reason for the 14 difference. Should no certification be issued within the thirty-day period, the application will be 15 deemed certified. Any decision by the Tax Commissioner is appealable pursuant to the provisions 16 of the West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act set forth in article ten, chapter eleven 17 of the code. Applications for certification of the proposed tax credit shall contain the information and 18 19 be in the detail and form as required by the Tax Commissioner.

20 (h) The Tax Commissioner may promulgate rules for legislative approval pursuant to the 21 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to carry out the purposes of this 22 subdivision two, subsection (g) of this section.

1 (i) (1) *Rate, deposits and review.*

(A) For tax periods commencing on and after July 1, 2009, every person conducting coal
surface mining shall remit a special reclamation tax of fourteen and four-tenths cents per ton of clean
coal mined, the proceeds of which shall be allocated by the secretary for deposit in the Special
Reclamation Fund and the Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund.

6 (B) For tax periods commencing on and after July 1, 2012, the rate of tax specified in paragraph (A) of this subdivision is discontinued and is replaced by the rate of tax specified in this 7 8 paragraph (B). For tax periods commencing on and after July 1, 2012, every person conducting coal 9 surface mining shall remit a special reclamation tax of twenty-seven and nine-tenths cents per ton of clean coal mined, the proceeds of which shall be allocated by the secretary for deposit in the 10 Special Reclamation Fund and the Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund. Of that amount, fifteen 11 cents per ton of clean coal mined shall be deposited into the Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund. 12 13 (C) The tax shall be levied upon each ton of clean coal severed or clean coal obtained from refuse pile and slurry pond recovery or clean coal from other mining methods extracting a 14 combination of coal and waste material as part of a fuel supply. 15

16 (D) Beginning with the tax period commencing on July 1, 2009, and every two years 17 thereafter, the special reclamation tax shall be reviewed by the Legislature to determine whether the 18 tax should be continued: *Provided*, That the tax may not be reduced until the Special Reclamation 19 Fund and Special Reclamation Water Trust Fund have sufficient moneys to meet the reclamation 20 responsibilities of the state established in this section.

(2) In managing the Special Reclamation Program, the secretary shall: (A) Pursue
cost-effective alternative water treatment strategies; and (B) conduct formal actuarial studies every

6

two years and conduct informal reviews annually on the Special Reclamation Fund and Special
 Reclamation Water Trust Fund.

3 (3) Prior to December 31, 2008, the secretary shall:

4 (A) Determine the feasibility of creating an alternate program, on a voluntary basis, for 5 financially sound operators by which those operators pay an increased tax into the Special 6 Reclamation Fund in exchange for a maximum per-acre bond that is less than the maximum 7 established in subsection (a) of this section;

8 (B) Determine the feasibility of creating an incremental bonding program by which operators 9 can post a reclamation bond for those areas actually disturbed within a permit area, but for less than 10 all of the proposed disturbance and obtain incremental release of portions of that bond as reclamation 11 advances so that the released bond can be applied to approved future disturbance; and

12 (C) Determine the feasibility for sites requiring water reclamation by creating a separate 13 water reclamation security account or bond for the costs so that the existing reclamation bond in 14 place may be released to the extent it exceeds the costs of water reclamation.

(4) If the secretary determines that the alternative program, the incremental bonding program or the water reclamation account or bonding programs reasonably assure that sufficient funds will be available to complete the reclamation of a forfeited site and that the Special Reclamation Fund will remain fiscally stable, the secretary is authorized to propose legislative rules in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement an alternate program, a water ceclamation account or bonding program or other funding mechanisms or a combination thereof.

(j) This special reclamation tax shall be collected by the State Tax Commissioner in the same
manner, at the same time and upon the same tonnage as the minimum severance tax imposed by

7

article twelve-b, chapter eleven of this code is collected: *Provided*, That under no circumstance shall
 the special reclamation tax be construed to be an increase in either the minimum severance tax
 imposed by said article or the severance tax imposed by article thirteen of said chapter.

4 (k) Every person liable for payment of the special reclamation tax shall pay the amount due
5 without notice or demand for payment.

6 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall provide to the secretary a quarterly listing of all persons 7 known to be delinquent in payment of the special reclamation tax. The secretary may take the 8 delinquencies into account in making determinations on the issuance, renewal or revision of any 9 permit.

(m) The Tax Commissioner shall deposit the moneys collected with the Treasurer of the State
of West Virginia to the credit of the Special Reclamation Fund and Special Reclamation Water Trust
Fund.

(n) At the beginning of each quarter, the secretary shall advise the State Tax Commissioner
and the Governor of the assets, excluding payments, expenditures and liabilities, in both funds.

(o) To the extent that this section modifies any powers, duties, functions and responsibilities of the department that may require approval of one or more federal agencies or officials in order to avoid disruption of the federal-state relationship involved in the implementation of the federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act, 30 U. S. C. § 1270 by the state, the modifications will become effective upon the approval of the modifications by the appropriate federal agency or official.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to specify that a tax credit may not be granted for reclamation or remediation performed prior to July 13, 2013, unless a written application for the tax

credit was submitted to the Tax Commissioner prior to September 1, 2014.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)